but to liberate it.

AND THE WOLLD'S STATISTICS OF THE BRITE. BACKETE OF

GEN. WEYLER INTERVIEWED

CAPTAIN GENERAL OF CUBA SUB-MITS TO A REPORTER'S INTERROGATIONS.

MAKES LIGHT OF THE REBELLION.

He Says the Province of Pinar Del Rio Will Soon Be Pacified-Classes the Insurgents as Non-Property Holding Anarchists.

Havana, Nov. 27.—(Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated Press.)-So many contradictory statements have been attributed te Capt. Gen. Weyler since his return from the province of Pinar del Rio that the correspondent of the Associated Press was instructed to ask the Spanish commander for an authorized statement. Therefore, just previous to the departure of Gen. Weyler for Pinar del Rio, the correspondent called at the palace, where he was courteously received by the general, who was asked to supplement the exclusive interview with the correspondent of La Lucha at Artemisa, which was cabled to the Associated Press on Tuesday afternoon and which contained his first public utterances since his return from conducting the operations against Maceo. This the general agreed to do. The correspondent informed the captain general that the Associated Press was anxious, before his return to the field, to place before the public in the United States his official views on the Cuban situation, adding:

"It is understood that you have re turned from Pinar del Rio contented with the result of your recent operations and it is asserted that you believe that Pinar del Rio will soon be pacified."

In reply the captain general said: "I am not only contented, but am entirely satisfied with the result of my miltary plans. I went over the hills and occupied the insurgents' positions without any serious resistance upon the part of the enemy. Cacajacara and Rubi, which the insurgents claimed were impregnable, were occupied by my troops, after dislodging the enemy. At Rubi they offered the greatest resistance, but after a few hours' fighting they disbanded. We found no trace of Maceo's people after that, although all the other points were reconnoitered by detachments from our columns. The points in the southern portion were also reconnoitered and the positions where the rebels had encamped are now in possession of our troops. There remains still to be reconnoitered the ranges of hills in the pregnable, were occupied by my troops, of our troops. There remains still to be reconnoitered the ranges of hills in the eastern part of the province. Macco has nothing left for him to do but to scatter his followers into small parties in order to escape our columns, which are hunting for them, since they offer no relative and ranged to account a meeting

sistance and refused to accept a meeting with our troops, who are chasing them in all directions."

Pinar del Rio," replied the captain general. "Since all the strategic points are in my hands and because our troops are in all directions, which completely hinders the escape of the several groups of insurgents, who are now fleeing before them in disorder."

The correspondent asked: "Do you think the condition of the provinces of Havana, Matanzas and Santa Clara nampers or favors the suppression of the insurrection?

He replied: "These three provinces are more easily subdued, from the na-ture of the ground. They have no hills like the province of Pinar del Rio and the facilities for the movement of large bodies of troops are therefore greater Besides, the rebel bands in those provinces are less numerous and lack the elements and conditions of those in the province of Pinar del Rio. The leaders province of Pinar del Rio. The leaders of the rebels in these provinces also lack the importance possessed by Maceo."
"It is asserted," said the correspond

ent, "that Macco lost many of his lead-ing men who were with him, besides those who joined him after the invasion of Pinar del Rio."

of Pinar del Rio."

Te this the captain general said:
"Nearly all of Maceo's leaing men who
were at all valuable or possessed military
ability have perished in other provinces or in the districts where they headed up-

or in the districts where the strings."

"It appears that the insurgents in Puerto Principe and in Santiago de Cuba are displaying more activity that before," suggested the correspondent.

"Yes," answered Weyler, "but the provinces mentioned are not in a state of insurrection. Puerto Principe is producing a little and not much production is needed. The same may be said in regard to the Holguin district. The rebels have destroyed all they could and, besides, with the death of Jose Maceo, the rebellion in the province of Santiago de

sides, with the death of Jose Maceo, the rebellion in the province of Santiago de Cuba lost much of its importance."

The general added: "I have no intention of allowing the attention of troops to be distracted in that direction, for it is evident this is the object of the insurgents under Gomez and Calixto, who passess dominating influences over the possess dominating influences over the

"Do you believe President McKinley will follow the policy of President Cleveland in regard to Cuba?" "McKinley represents the wealth and the producing elements of that country, and I can not believe that a man who so represents the wealth, virtue and pros perity of his country can carry out a policy which would so compromise the in-terests entrusted to his talent and dis-

cretion as a public man. Hence I think that McKinley will be guided by a just and equitable policy, without passion and with prudence such as is counselled by the interests of the American people and the cordial relations long existing between

the interests of the American people and the cordial relations long existing between Spain and the United States."
"Is it true," asked the correspondent, "that you propose to publish a decree consistential the property of Cuban insurgents."

With a motion of ironical surprise, Gen. Weyler answered: "It is not possible. The rebels have nothing to confiscate. They do not represent any wealth of the country. However, if you possess data of any property owned by the insurgents, let me know. I will avail myself of the let me know. I will avail myself of the truth of your information and will tell you if I confiscate it or not. I personally know only about a dozen rebel farm owners, and their property is of little value, and even then it is mortgaged to the amount of the actual worth with yar the amount of the actual worth with va-rious creditors. Consequently if I de-cided upon confiscation, it would be the crued upon confiscation, it would be the creditors who would suffer, and they are all on the government side. The revolution is upheld by the insolvent element of the city, hence it bears the stamp of Cleveland."

Cleveland."

The speaker having caught the exclamation lost no time to reply: "My friend, no American will bring a curse upon this country by a failure to do his duty."

Resuming his speech. Mr. Cooksan

anarchism, which you must observe for the reason that the insurgents are not carrying on a war, but rather pursuing a

carrying on a war, but rather pursuing a policy of destruction and incendiarism."

"Is it a fact, general, that you will not allow the sugar crop to be made?"

"I do not feel inclined to permit the gathering of the crop before February or March, as it is well known that the only assistance the rebels can count on will be to exact means from planters by only assistance the rebeis can count on will be to exact means from planters by threats or violence, and the means thus obtained will go to acquiring arms and ammunition to carry on the war with Spain."

Do you not think that by the prohibotton of the sugar crop the commerce of the island will suffer and important

houses connected with the sugar industry will be bankrupted?"
"I do not, because up to the present no failures have taken place and the merchants themselves favor the idea against the crop. In the relations between the planters and the merchants in Cuba at present the signals feature is present the singular feature is that the planter lives more from the merchants' capital than from the actual production of his land, and it may be asserted that the immense manufactures can only com mence work with money from the mer-chants, who find it best now to keep

chants, who find it best now to keep money under key until crop work can be begun under normal conditions."

"Do you think the recognition of the insurgents, if they were recognized as belligerents by the United States, would be taken as an offense by Spain?"

"It would be strange if any act directly aimed at a recognition of Spain's right of sovereignty here, which our people look upon as being beyond question, did not evoke an explosion of popular feel-

not evoke an explosion of popular feel-ing, which it would be impossible to check, excited and ardent as public sen-timent is now in Spain."

Generally the correspondent asked if e would agree to a truce in order to be would agree to a truce in order to bring about an exchange of views be-tween himself and the Cuban leaders. He answered: "That would be out of the question. Such a step would give the insurgents an importance which I can not concede to them.

At this juncture the captain general showed a willingness to discontinue the At 1 o'clock this afternoon the captain

At 1 o'clock this afternoon the captain general left Havana for Mariel.

Later in the day the correspondent of the Associated Press called upon the chief of staff and informed him that a dispatch received in New York stated that Gen. Weyler, during the recent operations in Pinar del Rio, lost 700 men and 1000 wounded by the explosion of an and 1600 wounded by the explosion of an insurgent mine, and that 2000 men of insurgent mine, and that 2000 men of the Spanish forces were killed and 4000 wounded during the two days fighting in the Rubi mountains. The chief of staff distinctly stated that there was no truth in the statements made and that no mines were exploded by the insurgents; that there had not been two days fight; that there had not been two days fight-ing, and that the report of the engage-ment cabled to the United States at the

time was incorrect.

Gen. Weyler declared that among the most prominent office holders in Spain and as ministers to foreign powers were

and as iministers to foreign powers were well known Cubans. Subordinate positions, such as under secretaries, clerks, etc., had a large number of Cubans.

"Now let us see what these complaints amount to," he said. "Nothing but a pretext to argue with some show of justification for treachery of the nation. The plainest proof that these properties. The plainest proof that these complaints are unjust is in the fact that all Cuban political parties have placed themselves on the side of the government, have formed a committee for the national defense and that all are striving equally with the same object in view, notwithstanding the different tendencies of their platforms, conservative and liberal alike."

"Does your excellency expect soon to crush the insurgents in the province of Pinar del Rio and bring about its pacification within a short time?"

"I am confident of shortly pacificing."

"I am confident of shortly pacificing."

treason and destruction to which they have treated themselves since taking up

arms," replied the general.

Capt. Gen. Weyler arrived safely at
Mariel today, where he was received by
the authorities and large crowds of people. He immediately started for Arte and on arriving there visited the hospitals, found them in an improved sanitary state and the health of the troops generally better. From Artemisa the captain general went on to Vuelta Abaja by train, leaving the cavalry and the brigadier general, Calixto Ruiz, to

Gen. Echague is recovering from his wounds in the thigh. It has been deter-mined, upon medical consultation, not to extract the ball.

C. B. Pendleton, a correspondent of New York paper, was arrested here last night while upon the point of embark-ing for Key West on the steamer Aran-sas. It is believed that his detention is due to the fact that there was something wrong with his passport or other papers. The death of Perico Garcia has again peen confirmed.

Friends of insurgents insist that one or two prisoners of war are shot every day outside of Cabannes fortress.

CUBANS STIRRED UP. Jacksonville, Fla., Nov. 27.-A special of the Citizen from Key West says the Cubans of that place are greatly stirred up over the arrest in Havana of G. E. Pendleton. It is claimed that any harm Pendleton. It is claimed that any harm done him in Havana will be reciprocated by an attack on the Spanish consulate at Key West. Pendleton sent word by the steamer Aransas that he would telegraph today concerning certain matters, but nothing has been heard from him.

COCKRAN ON CUBA.

The Eloquent Orator Spoke to a Meeting of Cuban Sympathizers.

New York, Nov. 27.—St. Leo's church was crowded with Cubans and their sympathizers this morning. A requiem mass was celebrated in memory of the eighty Hayana medical students who were executed by the Spanish volunteers in the city of Havana, November 27, 1891. The services were conducted by the Rev. Father Ducey.

Bourke Cockran's speech was one of the most eloquent ever listened to in this city. He said that the annexation of Cuba would put this country on a footing

Cuba would put this country on a rooting with barbarous Spain.

"No nation can remain indifferent to atrocities committed in view of its harbors. It is an intolerable government that would permit such a state of affairs to exist without criticising the government of Spain in Cuba. It is a duty to civilization, humanity and ourselves. Whether sooner or later, this government will extend more than sympathetic ment will extend more than sympathetic words to the Cuban in his trouble. It is now a question of his emancipation of is now a question of his emancipation or his extermination. Our attitude must be defined so that the patriot and the Spaniard can know with whom he must dicker. If the Cuban patriot is to be exterminated, in heaven's name let us know that that which he is expecting will not be forthcoming; that the butch-ery is to be continued instead of keeping

this government must speak on the Cu-ban question. Never before has so much power been vested in the executive. Will our president pronounce the word of doom or liberation? If he declares Cuba libre that flag (points to the Stars and Stripes) will be a symbol of liberty and progress to mankind." COLORED BAPTISTS.

Second Day's Session of the Meeting at Bastrop.

would willingly accept the invitation."
In conclusion Mr. Cockran said: "Soon

Bastrop, Tex., Nov. 27.—(Special.)— The second day's session of the Ministers and Deacons' Co-operative association was opened at the hour of 9. Vice President Hurd was in the chair. Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. A. R. Shackles of Manor.

A. R. Shackles of Manor.

Minutes of the previous session were read and adopted.

A large delegation having arrived during the interval the program was here taken up and subjects were discussed in their order as printed. On reaching the subject of "Business" on the program, Brother S. M. Clark of Elgin sprung the avestion of the establishment of an inquestion of the establishment of an in-stitute for the benefit of the ministry of the district. After much discussion in the affirmative it was voted unanimously that the theological institute, under the auspices of Ministers and Deacons' Cooperative Association of St. John asso-ciation be held during the month of January, at a place to be located by a committee, and that Rev. H. M. Willaims of San Antonio be employed as instructor of same. The following committee was appointed as general managers: Revs. S. M. Clark, M. Hurd, A. R. Shackles.

According to a motion passed on the previous day this hour was to be used in celebration of Thanksgiving day, in connection with the pupils of the public school. The pupils filed in and were given front seats. After singing several selections from the gospel hymns Rev. S. M. Price of Giddings, who had been invited to preach a special sermon for the occasion. After some preliminary remarks he announced his text as Ps. 95:2: marks he announced his text as Ps. 95.2:
"Let us come into His presence with
Thanksgiving and make a joyful noise
unto Him." The observance of the day
from the earliest antiquity was referred
to by the preacher. The children were
impressed with the necessity of giving
God thanks for His blessings. Preachers
with no aspirations, no interest in the
Sabbath school were heavily second Sabbath school, were heavily scored. He urged constant prayer to God by Christians, for in it is the life-giving pow-er. Every man needs spiritual strength, and this comes through direct communi-cation with God. We have all received innumerable blessings at the hand of God. First-As a nation we are wonderfully

blessed.

Second—Individually we owe God praises. We have all gotten goods from God's store house, and have paid even thanksgiving for them. After the sermon the whole audience joined in singing, and a collection was taken. The children were dismissed and the association re-entered the program and began the discussion of printed subjects, which

passages of Scripture, showing that the spirit of Home and Foreign Missions is a divine injunction. Rev. H. M. Williams followed in a lengthy address on the same subject. During the latter words are current that it is still snowing all speech several questions were asked by specers several questions were asked by persons in the audience as pertaining to Scriptural giving. Discussion was here discontinued and Rev. J. W. Bell was introduced. He chose for his text, Luke, 10:2. Fear not, for behold I bring to you good news. The sermon bore upon the gospel dispensation being introduced by the birth of Christ. The fulfilment of prophecy was also made prominent, A collection of \$3 was taken. The meet ing here voted a question box, to be conducted Friday night, by Rev. H. M. Wil liams. After some announcements Rev. M. Hurd, pastor of the local church made some announcements, and the meet ing adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock Fri

day morning. During the evening the number of representatives from the district had grown considerably. Among the new arrivals were Revs. W. T. Boulding, J. W. Bell, G. W. Winn, A. W. Winn, Brother Henderson, Mrs. M. M. Buckner of Austin, president of the woman's state work.

The first meeting of the executive board

was held this morning. Rev. S. M. Clark, vice president, held the chair, and called the meeting to order at 10:30 o'clock. Brother M. Womby of Bastrop conducted

levotional services.

Rev. Clark ordered the roll called. Four members out of nine answered and the following brothers were named as proxies: Revs. M. Hurd, J. H. Winn M. Womby, C. P. Johnson, L. M. Winn The secretary read the minutes of the previous board meeting. They were adonted.

committee on Orphan Home was called, but asked for further time be fore reporting.

The following committee on finance was appointed: L. W. Winn, George

Brooks, A. R. Shackles. WILL RESIDE AT PRINCETON.

Grover Cleveland Has Purchased a Residence There.

Princeton, N. J., Nov. 27.—Tonight Professor Andrew West, in an interview concerning the rumor that President Cleveland intends at a future date to make Princeton his home, authorized the following statement: following statement:

"President Cleveland today purchased the former residence of Mrs. Slidell, on Bayard avenue, this city, and after the expiration of his term of office he will make Princeton his permanent home. Ne-gotiations which have been in progress for about three weeks were closed today by the purchase of the property named. Numerous reasons were advanced by the president as influencing him in making his choice of homes is Princeton's near-ness to New York, its quiet and undis-turbed home life." The purchase price is said to be between \$30,000 and \$40,000.

be defined so that the patriot and the Spaniard can know with whom he must dicker. If the Cuban patriot is to be exterminated, in heaven's name let us know that that which he is expecting will not be forthcoming; that the butchery is to be continued instead of keeping him in suspense by our silence."

At this time a Cuban who had been overcome by passion shouted: "Curse Cleveland."

The speaker having caught the exclamation lost no time to reply: "My friend, no American will bring a curse upon this country by a failure to do his duty."

Resuming his speech, Mr. Cockran description was given him by the Scottish Rite Masons of the city. The object of his visit is to council with the Masons here regarding the affairs of the order. An oyster dinner will be tendered tomorrow after which he will leave for Houston en route to his home in California. A PROMINENT MASON.

clared: "It seems to me that this gov-ernment should speak out and have the courage of its convictions. I hope it does and it will not be to annex Cuba, but to liberate it. but to liberate it. "I believe that if the president insisted that Cuba must be free, it would be free. If a fleet of ten vessels in charge of our admirals steamed into the harbor of Havana and invited the entire Spanish outfit—the entire party of executioners—to take a trip to Cadiz or Barcelona, they would willingly accept the invitation."

NEWS OF HEAVY SNOW STORMS COME FROM SEVERAL PLACES NORTH.

SNOW DRIFTS ARE HOUSETOP HIGH

And Still Snowing-The Mercury Has Dropped Several Degrees Below Zero in Some Places-Much Loss of Life Feared.

St. Paul, Minn., Nov. 27.-The Pioneer Press has the following specials on the

blizzards in the northwest: Langdon, N. D .- The worst blizzard ever known in this county occurred today and yesterday. The snow is piled in drifts as high as the houses. All trains and traffic of every description is abandoned. There are rumors of loss of life, but nothing definite is yet known.

Williston, N. D.-It has snowed inces santly since Tuesday evening. The wind is blowing forty miles an hour and the temperature is at zero and falling. All trains are tied up.

NEBRASKA COATED WHITE. Omaha, Neb., Nov. 27.-Telegraphic advices from many points in Nebraska and South Dakota report a heavy snow and sleet storm, accompanied by a high wind. In some places the loss to live stock will be heavy. About 100,000 stock will be heavy. About 100,000 sheep, besides many hogs and cattle, are being fattened in Buffale county, Nebraska. Three inches of rain fell there last night. This morning it turned to snow and continued to fall heavily all day. Much of the corn is not yet husked and farmers fear they will have to leave it out until spring. Winter wheat is in excellent shape. The greater portion of Nebraska tonight is covered with a conting of ice and in most places snow has fallen on ton of this. snow has fallen on top of this.

HARD ON HERDS.
Yankton, S. D., Nov. 27.—Cattlemez who have herds on the range west of the Missouri river declare that the weather of the past few days has depleted their herds and that the loss will be very

The WORST SINCE '88.

Huron, S. D., Nov. 27.—The worst blizzard experienced in this section since the great storm of January 12, 1888, has prevailed since midnight Wednesday. The storm came from the north, the snow The storm came from the north, the snow being driven in blinding clouds by a fifty-mile gale. Scores of telegraph poles were broken down and wires prostrated in every direction. No trains have been running, but efforts were made this after-noon to clear the tracks with snow plows and gangs of shovelers and trains were started east and south started east and south.

STORMS CONTINUE. Fargo, N. D., Nov. 27.—Storms still continue with greater intensity. All wires west and north are down. The Northern Pacific train, due here yester-The hour of 5 having arrived the audience was dismissed.

The hour of 5 having arrived the audience was dismissed.

The hour of 5 having arrived the audience was dismissed.

The hour of 5 having arrived the audience was dismissed.

The hour of 5 having arrived the audience was dismissed.

The night session was opened at 70 clock, and the time till 8:30 was passed in the discussion of the subject of "Home and Foreign Missions." Rev. A. R. Shackles led in the argument, and read passages of Scripture, showing that the spirit of Home and Foreign Missions is a divine initialization.

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The hour of 5 having arrived the audience was dismissed.

The hour of 5 having arrived from \$1. Paul this morning, is still stuck at Jamestown, and another train is stuck in a drift four miles east of Valley City. The extent of \$1800 at 8 o'clock this morning, is still stuck at Jamestown, and anothe

Watertown, S. D., Nov. 27.—Reports are current that it is still snowing all around and drifts are eight feet high.

A HARD BLOW IN KENTUCKY Paducah, Ky., Nov. 27.—A severe storm swept over western Kentucky last night. As wires are down and all roads are choked by fallen trees only meagre de wires are down and all roads are choked by fallen trees only meagre de-tails have reached here. Considerable damage was done at Fulton. A man and child are missing at Kuttaway, in this state. It is believed they were blown into the Cumberland river and drowned. The railway station at Eddyville was wrecked. A factory was blown down there. Along the line of the Illinois Central some damage is reported. All trains re late today

WORST WIND STORM KNOWN. Princeton, N. J., Nov. 27.—The hard-est wind storm known in this section for rears struck this city at 6 p. m. yesterday, lasting about one hour, blowing down fences and shade trees, barns and un-roofing several large buildings. People were badly scared, some deserting their homes.

A VICIOUS CYCLONE. Much Property Destroyed and Some Loss of Life in Kentucky.

Jackson, Miss., Nov. 27 .- A cyclone passed through the northwest corner of this town about 11 p. m., traveling in a northwesterly direction. One end of a boxcar on a siding was blown off. A negro church was destroyed and an old mill shed blown down, crippling a teamster and three horses. Three houses on R. C. Irvin's place were blown down and one on the Fulmer place was also demolished.

Sarah Clay, colored, was killed, and Sam Clay seriously injured. Their three children were wounded. The woods north of here are strewn with household plunder and bedding. The south-bound passenger train stopped one mile north of here, taking on a woman and child, victims of the disaster. Correct news of the damage and loss of life not definitely known. A heavy rain has been falling for ten hours.

COLD WEATHER IN DENVER. Denver, Col., Nov. 27.—Today was the coldest day known in Denver in November since 1887. The weather bureau thermometer registered 9.2 below zero at 6 a. m. Passengers on the in-coming trains tell of a blizzard in eastern Colorado and the state of Nebraska.

HEAVY STORMS IN KANSAS. Kansas City, Nov. 27.—The first heavy storm of the season prevailed in Kansas yesterday and last night. The temperatures in Kansas today ranged from 6 to 10 degrees above zero. In Oklahoma it was about 18 above. FELL 47 DEGREES.

Dubuque, In., Nov. 27.—In the last twenty-four hours the temperature has fallen 47 degrees, the thermometers reg-istering 8 degrees above zero at 9 o'clock. MORE CAVALRY DESIRABLE.
Washington, Nov. 27.—Brig. Gen.
Bliss, comanding the department of Texas, calls attention to the desirability of

having another troop of cavalry on the Mexican frontier near El Paso and opposite Juarez, Mex. On the Mexican side at Juarez a new road has been laid out, and work has been commenced on it. The Rio Grande, Sierra Madre and Pacific railway, when completed, will open up the Sierra Madre country, which is noted for its wealth of silver mines and will give to the Mexican government a short and easy road over which to transfer troops, and in connection with the Mexican Central railway will make the City of Juarez a point of strategic importance to Mexico. These roads and the five others now running to El Paso will make the latter point of increased importance to the United States as a military station.

YOUNG ROBBERS THWARTED.

Bold Attempt to Hold Up a Suburban Street Car Out of Kansas City.

Kansas City, Nov. 27.—At midnight last night four men, led by Oscar Briggs, said to be a bridge and parachute jumper of more or less notoriety, made an unsuccessful attempt to hold up and rob a street car with passengers bound for Independence. Briggs was captured and brought here. The other men escaped, but their names are known and it is believed they will soon be lodged in jail. The gang is said to be the same that held up a west bound Chicago and Alton passenger train just outside of Independence senger train just outside of Independence

senger train just outside of Independence a month ago.

The car was the regular theater car, returning to Independence from here, and contained seventy passengers. When it reached a lonely spot midway between the two cities Briggs, unmasked, jumped on the rear platform and going through the car to the front door, boldly thrust a revolver to the breast of the motorman. Another of the gang, who had quickly followed Briggs and who wore a mask, had just entered the rear door and was had just entered the rear door and was in the act of ordering the passengers to hold up their hands when the conductor threw him from the car, which the motorman in some manner had been able to start. The two remaining robbers, who, it appears, were to have covered the conductor became frightened and who is it appears, were to have covered the conductor, became frightened and when the second robber alighted on the ground the three made to the woods. In the meantime Briggs was tussleing with the motorman, to whose aid some of the passengers had come. Many of the women screamed or cried, refusing to be quieted by the conductor or their male escorts. Briggs was finally overpowered without having fired his revolver and the car proceeded on its return to Independence. This morning Briggs was brought here and after several hours in the sweat box

This morning Briggs was brought here and after several hours in the sweat box admitted his identity and gave the names of his pals. These the police refuse to divulge at present, but it is known that one of them is also a bridge jumper. In addition, a saloon keeper gave information to the police which makes it almost positive that the quartet were the same who robbed the Chicago and Alton train and who have committed other depredations in and around Kansas City within the past two months.

the past two months.

This afternoon the police gave out the This afternoon the police gave out the men's names as Oscar Briggs, Eugene Ridgeway, Ernest Ridgeway and James Repine. All are under 22 years of age. The Ridgeway boys live at Sheffield, a small suburb near the scenes of the hold up. Eugene is a barber and Ernest is a professional high diver. Repine, who is 21 years old comes of respectable parents and lives at Centropolis, a suburb of Kansas City. of Kansas City.

HOTEL BURNED.

Fort Worth, Tex., Nov. 27.—(Special.) The Phoenix hotel, located at 742 East

ippine islands.

AT M'KINLEY'S HOME.
Canton, Ohio, Nov. 27.—Owing to the
rain today Maj. McKinley kept close to
the house, but few callers braving the inclement weather to reach his home, and clement weather to reach his home, and none of particular prominence.

Mother McKinley's grand children.
Mr. and Mrs. Morse of California and other relatives partook of an informal dinner at the McKinley home and spent the greater part of the day there. The major received a cablegram from Ambassador Uhl saying: "Three hundred Americans at Thanksgiving dinner in Berlin send patriotic greetings to the president-elect."

APPOINTED JUDGE Washington, Nov. 27.—The president has appointed John H. Rogers of Ar-kansas United States district judge for the western district of Arkansas, Judge Rogers was at one time in congress and

WEYLER SPOKE UNTRUTHS. New York, Nov. 27.—The interview this evening by Gen. Weyler to the cor-respondent of the Associated Press inspires much comment at the headquarter of the Cuban junta in this city. President Palma declares that the statements of Weyler were absolutely devoid of truth and that he had intentionally misrepresented the condition of affairs in Cuba.

FORMAN SWORN IN.
Washington, Nov. 27.—W. S. Forman
of Illinois, the newly appointed commissioner of internal revenue, took the oath
of office today and entered upon the discharge of his duty.

A BLOODY SCRAP. Pittston, Pa., Nov. 27.—In a saloon row between Polanders and Americans last night, Frank Lambert and James Motzle received wounds from which they died today, while John Betts is fatally in-jured. Four Poles were slightly hurt. The police have arrested half a dozen ringleaders of the riot.

FRANK JAMES AMBITIOUS. St. Louis, Nov. 27.—Frank James, brother of Jesse James, the notorious train robber, and ex-member of the James gang of outlaws, is an aspirant for a St. Louis police commissionership. His candidacy has the support of Chief Harrigan. Harrigan.

MINERS REFUSED.

Malvern, O., Nov. 27.—The Sherodsville coal mines have been closed, the 350
miners refusing to accept a reduction
from 61 to 45 cents.

NCTICE OF A REDUCTION.

Den Col., Nov. 27.—The Times says the Anaconda Mining company at Butte has given notice to its men of a cut in wages, commencing December 1, from \$3.25 to \$3.00 per day. It is said the leaders here will endeavor to prevent a strike at Butte, as the Leadville strike has weakened the financial resources of the miners' organization. A conference the miners' organization. A conference will be held next week at Victor.

SKIPPED WITH BIG BOODLE.

Money Clerk of the Pacific Express Com-pany at Kansas City Missing.

Kansas City, Nev. 27.—George Ross, missing money clerk for the Pacific and United States Express companies, has been located in St. Louis by the surety company that furnished his bond and is now under surveillance by them. It is

now stated that the express officials had all along known of Ross' exact location, but they have kept it quiet because there are, it is said, others implicated who are not yet in custody. Last Sunday there was handled through the office over which Ross presided, money jackages containing \$110,000. Already \$2300 of this amount is known to be missing and the books are still being gone over. Shortage checks are coming in so regularthe books are still being gone over. Shortage checks are coming in so regularly that it is said the officials fear the whole \$110,000 may never have reached its destination. The system of checking is necessarily slow, the packages having been destined for various points.

Later in the day Superintendent Cocklin of the Pinkerton agecy denied that Ross had been located and the city agent of the Pacific Express substantiated his statement.

Omaha, Neb. Nov. 27.—President Morsman of the Pacific Express company was notified this morning that Ross' where abouts had not been discovered. Heplaced no faith in the story that the express company had been robbed of large sums of money by Ross and other employes who were working in collusion.

"The man stole two money packages, one containing \$10,000 and the other \$500," said President Morsman. "Both were Kansas City packages, Ross was

\$500," said President Morsman. "Both were Kansas City packages, tloss was in a position to steal large sums of money, but I am certain that no morewas taken by him than the amounts I have mentioned. He carried packages, between the depots and the office."

The local officials were surposed at the robbery. Ross was a trusted employe and had been in the service of the company for ten years.

COMMERCIAL MATTERS.

DEED OF TRUST.

Beaumont, Tex., Nov. 27.—(Special.)—
S. Sternberg this morning filed a deed of trust, naming Louis Solinsky as trustee.

Preferred creditors, £3029. He has been doing business in Beaumont only a short, time.

DEED OF TRUST.

Houston, Tex., Nov. 27.—(Special.)—
C. M. Phelps, doing a retail grocery business at 1601 Hardy street, corner Brooks.
Fifth ward, filed a chattel mortgage and deed of trust, conveying to W. T. Cecil his stock, fixtures and accounts, in trust, for the benefit of creditors to the amount. of \$1741.71.

DEED OF TRUST.
Winnesboro, Tex., Nov. 27.—(Special.)
—A. L. Forrolston filed a deed of trust today, naming R. C. Campbell as trustee, with \$16,000 preferred creditors, sets, \$25,000.

CHATTEL MORTGAGE. Gatesville, Tex., Nov. 27.—(Special.)—Gates & Keeton, general merchants at Pearl, filed a chattel mortgage on stock of merchandise yesterday, naming T. J. Gates as trustee. Preferred creditors. Assets unknown.

PERSONS WHO SIT ALL DAY
In counting houses or in manufacturing establishments, inhaling close or impure air, are usually pale, and frequently emaciated. A tonic is what such people require. Operatives, clerks, saleswomen and emplayers, as well as employes, pinned to the desk by cares of business, derive infinite good from Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, an admirable means of repairing the physical depletion, resulting from too close an application to their special avocations. Dyspepsia, constipation, bilious irregularity and premature decay are arrested by this invigorant and alterative, commended by physicians, and a standard article for thirty-five years past. Fever and ague is checked in its first approaches, and if the remedy is persisted in, entirely cradicated, when chronic, by the Bitters, Rheumatic allments are also arrested by its blood purifying and discretic action. PERSONS WHO SIT ALL DAY

NOT A SINGLE CITIZEN.

Town Running Full Blast with the Offices. All Filled. An English journalist traveling

through the United States relates a humorous incident in his experience out west. He was journeying overland on horseback, and one day, after a long spell of desolate travel, he espied a house on the prairie. He rodes up to the doorway and accosted the only person around, a long gentleman in boots, these boots seemingly trying to reach the sky, they were perched so high above the owner's head. They came slowly down at the salutation.

"Howdy do, stranger? Glad ter see yer. This is Boonville," and with a sweeping gesture he compassed a landscape of grass and wooden stakes. "There's Broadway runnin' down tween the stakes, and there's Chicagoavenue, St. Louis avenue, St. Paul avenue, and all them are streets staked off'n it. On the lookout for a buildin' site?"

"No," replied the journalist, "I'mo just traveling for pleasure, not for inestment."

"That's my luck, stranger. Here's this town been er runnin' full blastwith all the offices filled, and I can't get a citizen.

"Where's the mayor?" "I'm the mayor." "Where are the police, judges and

that sort of thing?" "I'm all that. Yer see, stranger, I'm everything. I elects myself to all offices, but it's mighty poor payin' ones I'm er-holdin'."

"How do you manage to get along then?"

"Don't, stranger; that's the puzzle. Yer see, there's only 50 cents in the town treasury, and I've been payin' my rent and taxes with it, and collecting my salary as mayor and all my other offices from it so long and it's been handled so much that the town books won't balance any more. Yer see, I can't find anything to balance the books with fer the wear of the silver off that coin and I'm out that much. Now. stranger, if yer not goin' ter invest, and want ter boom the town er little, yer might make up that deficit in the treasury, so's I kin balance them books and make things square fer the next mayor."-Harper's Round Table.

Now Is the Best Time. Growing girls do not always appreciate that it is while they are growing that they are forming their figures for after life. Drooping the shoulders a little more every day, dropping the head as one walks, standing unevenly, so that one hip sinks more than the other -all these defects, easily corrected now, will be five times as hard in five years, and 25 times as hard in ten years. A graceful, easy carriage and an erect straight figure are a pleasure to beholder and